AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below. The language being added is underlined ("___") and the language being deleted contains either a strikethrough ("___") or is enclosed by double brackets ("[[]]").

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for dynamic bin allocation, the method comprising:

obtaining link performance data based on a plurality of test transmissions between two network elements, wherein the plurality of test transmissions comprises an upstream transmission, a downstream transmission, and a full-duplex transmission, wherein the plurality of test transmissions performed in every channel of a discrete multi-tone (DMT) communications system and each performed at a maximum transmission power; utilize each of a plurality of transmission modes in each of a plurality of frequency ranges;

determining a desired transmission scheme for the discrete multi-tone communications system, wherein each channel of the discrete multi-tone communications system of the plurality of frequency ranges is designated for one of the a transmission mode modes based at least in part on the link performance data, wherein the link performance data comprises at least one of a data rate, an error rate, a signal-to-interference ratio, and a signal-to-noise ratio and the transmission mode is selected from an upstream mode, a downstream mode, and a full-duplex mode; and

assigning the desired transmission scheme to a connection between the two network elements in the discrete multi-tone communications system.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Cancelled)
- (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the link performance data are obtained for each of a plurality of predetermined transmission schemes; and

the desired transmission scheme is selected from the plurality of predetermined transmission schemes based at least in part on the link performance data.

- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the test transmissions are based on the plurality of predetermined transmission schemes.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 1 further comprising communicating the desired transmission scheme to at least one of the two network elements and continue communications between the two network elements based on the desired transmission scheme.
- 7. (Cancelled)

- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of frequency ranges are defined based on an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) technology.
- 9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Cancelled)
- 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the connection further comprises a digital subscriber line (DSL).
- 13. (Currently Amended) A system for dynamic bin allocation, the system comprising a first network element and a second network element, wherein each of the first network element and the second network element comprises at least a processor module and a transceiver module that are coordinated to

obtain link performance data based on a plurality of test transmissions
between the first network element and the second network element, wherein the
plurality of test transmissions comprises an upstream transmission, a downstream
transmission, and a full-duplex transmission, wherein the plurality of test transmissions
performed in every channel of a discrete multi-tone (DMT) communications system and

each performed at a maximum transmission power; utilize each of a plurality of transmission modes in each of a plurality of frequency ranges;

determine a desired transmission scheme for the discrete multi-tone

communications system, wherein each channel of the discrete multi-tone

communications system of the plurality of frequency ranges is designated for one of the

a transmission mode modes based at least in part on the link performance data,

wherein the link performance data comprises at least one of a data rate, an error rate, a

signal-to-interference ratio, and a signal-to-noise ratio and the transmission mode is

selected from an upstream mode, a downstream mode, and a full-duplex mode; and

assign the desired transmission scheme to a connection between the two

network elements in the discrete multi-tone communications system.

- 14. (Cancelled)
- 15. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim 13, wherein the link performance data are obtained for each of a plurality of predetermined transmission schemes; and

the desired transmission scheme is selected from the plurality of predetermined transmission schemes based at least in part on the link performance data.

16. (Currently Amended) A system for dynamic bin allocation, the system comprising:

means for obtaining link performance data based on a plurality of test transmissions between two network elements, wherein the plurality of test transmissions comprises an upstream transmission, a downstream transmission, and a full-duplex transmission, wherein the plurality of test transmissions performed in every channel of a discrete multi-tone (DMT) communications system and each performed at a maximum transmission power; utilize-each of a plurality of transmission modes in each of a plurality of frequency ranges;

multi-tone communications system, wherein each channel of the discrete multi-tone
communications system of the plurality of frequency ranges is designated for one of the
a transmission mode modes based at least in part on the link performance data,
wherein the link performance data comprises at least one of a data rate, an error rate, a
signal-to-interference ratio, and a signal-to-noise ratio and the transmission mode is
selected from an upstream mode, a downstream mode, and a full-duplex mode; and
means for assigning the desired transmission scheme to a connection
between the two network elements in the discrete multi-tone communications system.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim 16, wherein the link performance data are obtained for each of a plurality of predetermined transmission schemes; and

the desired transmission scheme is selected from the plurality of predetermined transmission schemes based at least in part on the link performance data.

19. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium having code for causing a processor to perform dynamic bin allocation, the computer readable medium comprising:

code adapted to obtain link performance data based on a plurality of test transmissions between the first network element and the second network element, wherein the plurality of test transmissions comprises an upstream transmission, a downstream transmission, and a full-duplex transmission, wherein the plurality of test transmissions performed in every channel of a discrete multi-tone (DMT) communications system and each performed at a maximum transmission power; utilizeeach of a plurality of transmission modes in each of a plurality of frequency ranges;

code adapted to determine a desired transmission scheme for the discrete multi-tone communications system, wherein each channel of the discrete multi-tone communications system of the plurality of frequency ranges is designated for one of the a transmission mode modes based at least in part on the link performance data, wherein the link performance data comprises at least one of a data rate, an error rate, a

signal-to-interference ratio, and a signal-to-noise ratio and the transmission mode is

selected from an upstream mode, a downstream mode, and a full-duplex mode; and

code adapted to assign the desired transmission scheme to a connection

between the two network elements in the discrete multi-tone communications system.

- 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium according to claim 19, wherein

the link performance data are obtained for each of a plurality of predetermined transmission schemes; and

the desired transmission scheme is selected from the plurality of predetermined transmission schemes based at least in part on the link performance data.